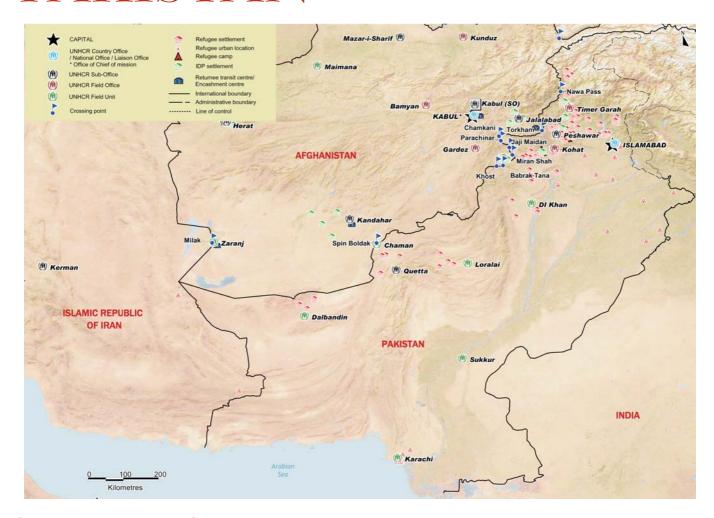
PAKISTAN



Working environment

• The context

Pakistan continues to host approximately 1.7 million refugees. Most are from Afghanistan and live in refugee villages and urban areas. Since March 2002, UNHCR has facilitated the return of approximately 3.7 million registered Afghans from Pakistan. In 2011, as of August, nearly 34,000 Afghans had returned home.

For the first time, a quadripartite consultation process was initiated in 2011 to develop a multi-year solutions strategy

(2012-2014) for Afghan refugees. This initiative involves the principal countries in the region - Afghanistan, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Pakistan - and UNHCR. A Stakeholders Conference is planned for early 2012 to seek endorsement of the strategy.

The socio-political and security situation in Pakistan remains challenging. UNHCR endeavours to strike a balance between providing assistance to those in need and ensuring staff security by working closely with local partners and utilizing community networks. UNHCR operational activities have further been challenged by the devastating floods that hit Pakistan in 2010 and 2011.

Planning figures for Pakistan

TYPE OF POPULATION	ORIGIN	JAN 2012		DEC 2012	- JAN 2013	DEC 2013	
		TOTAL IN COUNTRY	OF WHOM ASSISTED BY UNHCR	TOTAL IN COUNTRY	OF WHOM ASSISTED BY UNHCR	TOTAL IN COUNTRY	OF WHOM ASSISTED BY UNHCR
Refugees	Afghanistan	1,709,950	1,709,950	1,579,950	1,579,950	1,429,950	1,429,950
	Various	3,500	3,500	5,100	5,100	6,600	6,600
Asylum-seekers	Various	2,500	2,500	3,000	3,000	3,500	3,500
IDPs	Pakistan	600,000	90,000	500,000	75,000	-	-
Returnees (IDPs)	Pakistan	352,030	120,000	100,000	40,000	500,000	200,000
Total		2,667,980	1,925,950	2,188,050	1,703,050	1,940,050	1,640,050

¹ This does not include approximately 312,500 Afghan refugees (as of 1 April 2011) with old Proof of Registration cards who may come forward to convert their cards.

• The needs

UNHCR's priority in Pakistan for 2012 will be to achieve durable solutions for one of the largest and most protracted refugee situations in the world, with a focus on supporting the implementation of the Government of Pakistan's Management and Repatriation Strategy for Afghan Refugees in Pakistan. Facilitating voluntary repatriation for the remaining Afghan refugees is a core component of the strategy. The actual number will depend on security and progress in reintegration programmes in Afghanistan. At the same time, UNHCR will give emphasis to the strategic use of resettlement as a responsibility-sharing mechanism to finding durable solutions.

The core protection challenge in Pakistan is the absence of a specific legal regime for the protection of refugees. UNHCR Pakistan will continue advocating accession to the 1951 Refugee Convention and adoption of a national refugee legal framework in conformity with international standards. UNHCR will also continue to conduct refugee status determination in accordance with its mandate and seek durable solutions for recognized refugees.

Individually recognized refugees and asylum-seekers have difficulty in accessing basic facilities and essential services including education, health care and work in Pakistan. Many of them have limited income opportunities so they must survive through informal work arrangements. Through bilateral memoranda with UN agencies, UNHCR will support identified branches of the national service structure to help build capacity to support the Afghan population living in Pakistan communities.

In addition to the approximately 1.7 million refugees in the country, there are currently some 420,500 people displaced due to conflict in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK) and the Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA). UNHCR, in collaboration with other humanitarian partners, will continue to support the Government of Pakistan's efforts to address the protection and other basic needs of this group and their return communities.

Strategy and activities

As a major step in the search for solutions to the protracted Afghan refugee situation, the Government of Pakistan has

instituted a comprehensive Management and Repatriation Strategy for Afghan Refugees in Pakistan. Among other things, the strategy will facilitate voluntary repatriation, provide support to host communities, explore the issue of migration management as well as alternative stay arrangements for those remaining. As part of the efforts to step up support to host communities, UNHCR and UNDP will be working closely with other development partners to expand the Refugee Affected and Hosting Areas (RAHA) programme, which was launched by the Government in 2009.

UNHCR has also conducted a large profiling exercise that will help identify specific needs among the Afghan population. A total of 80 per cent of the Afghans in the country have been profiled. As a first step, UNHCR supported the extension and replacement of some 1,740,600 identity cards and the issuance of some 776,700 birth certificates.

In collaboration with the humanitarian community in Pakistan, UNHCR will continue to support the Government of Pakistan's efforts to provide protection and humanitarian assistance to conflict-affected internally displaced persons (IDPs). As part of the inter-agency coordination efforts, UNHCR will continue to serve as the lead for the protection, emergency shelter (including non-food items) and camp coordination and camp management clusters. UNHCR will also analyse Pakistan's legal and administrative framework on statelessness to assess the extent to which existing laws and policies are consistent with international standards.

UNHCR will continue to advocate for the Government's accession to the 1951 Refugee Convention and the development of a national legislative framework that strengthens the protection of refugees and asylum-seekers.

Constraints

Security remains a constraint in Pakistan, especially with regard to staff safety and access to certain areas. As in previous years, UNHCR will need to balance the need to deliver assistance against the imperatives of staff security. Additionally, the floods that hit Pakistan in 2010 and 2011 challenged the UNHCR operation in Pakistan, as they have impeded UNHCR's access to some parts of the country.

Main objectives and targets for 2012

Favourable protection environment

- Laws and policies relevant to UNHCR's work are developed or strengthened.
 - Some 50 per cent of national law and policy in areas of relevance to UNHCR is consistent with international standards.

Basic needs and essential services

- Shelter and infrastructure are established, improved and maintained
 - All households of concern to UNHCR live in adequate dwellings.

Durable solutions

- The potential for voluntary return is realized.
 - All people of concern to UNHCR who wish to return in 2012 do so in safety and dignity.

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

- Peaceful co-existence with local communities promoted.
 - *⇒* 60% of local communities support continued presence of persons of concern.

UNHCR's presence in 2012

- Number of offices
- □ Total staff 299
 International 37
 National 248
 JPOs 1
 UNVs 4

Others



Organization and implementation

Coordination

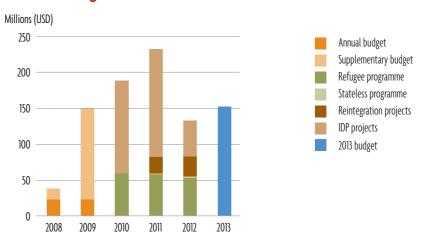
UNHCR has established strategic links at the federal and provincial levels with a number of governmental and NGO stakeholders. The Ministry of States and Frontier Regions remains UNHCR's key governmental partner. UNHCR will also work to increase and strengthen the capacity of local NGOs which, in view of security constraints, have better access to people of concern.

Partnership agreements with the key UN Agencies operating in Pakistan will enable these agencies to integrate refugees into their respective programmes. UNHCR will advocate for the engagement of other UN agencies in joint programmes and promote strategic alliances with other development actors. In situations of internal displacement UNHCR will work within the cluster arrangement to ensure effective and timely protection and assistance to the most vulnerable people.

Financial information

The 2012 budget for Pakistan is USD 133.5 million, with substantial requirements under Pillars 1 and 3, notably in support of durable solutions for Afghan refugees and support to host communities through an expanded RAHA programme. There is an overall decrease of the budget from 2011 by USD 100 million, following the completion of the emergency assistance programme in response to the floods in 2010.

UNHCR's budget in Pakistan 2008 - 2013



2012 UNHCR Budget in Pakistan (USD)

BUDGET BREAKDOWN	REFUGEE PROGRAMME PILLAR 1	STATELESS PROGRAMME PILLAR 2	REINTEGRATION PROJECTS PILLAR 3	IDP PROJECTS PILLAR 4	TOTAL					
Favourable protection environment										
Law and policy	714,821	551,328	0	0	1,266,149					
Access to legal assistance	3,452,440	0	0	2,225,200	5,677,640					
Access to territory and non-refoulement	588,321	0	0	0	588,321					
Public attitude towards people of concern	812,232	0	0	0	812,232					
Subtotal	5,567,815	551,328	0	2,225,200	8,344,343					
Fair protection processes and docum	nentation									
Identification of statelessness	0	270,664	0	0	270,664					
Registration and profiling	4,604,730	0	0	0	4,604,730					
Refugee status determination	1,054,952	0	0	0	1,054,952					
Individual documentation	8,446,629	0	0	1,425,200	9,871,829					
Subtotal	14,106,310	270,664	0	1,425,200	15,802,174					
Security from violence and exploitation										
Prevention of and response to SGBV	1,301,519	0	0	0	1,301,519					
Protection of children	879,021	0	0	0	879,021					
Subtotal	2,180,540	0	0	0	2,180,540					
Basic needs and essential services										
Health	3,592,911	0	0	0	3,592,911					
Water	935,809	0	0	0	935,809					
Shelter and infrastructure	0	0	0	24,976,443	24,976,443					
Basic domestic and hygiene items	0	0	0	3,555,800	3,555,800					
Services for people with specific needs	631,543	0	0	0	631,543					
Education	3,183,061	0	0	0	3,183,061					
Subtotal	8,343,323	0	0	28,532,243	36,875,566					
Community empowerment and self-reliance										
Community mobilization	3,010,421	0	0	0	3,010,421					
Co-existence with local communities	0	0	28,786,518	0	28,786,518					
Subtotal	3,010,421	0	28,786,518	0	31,796,940					
Durable solutions										
Comprehensive solutions strategy	14,278,654	0	0	0	14,278,654					
Voluntary return	3,258,549	0	0	0	3,258,549					
Resettlement	1,591,809	0	0	0	1,591,809					
Subtotal	19,129,012	0	0	0	19,129,012					
Leadership, coordination and partnerships										
Coordination and partnerships	266,570	0	0	0	266,570					
Camp management and coordination	0	0	0	2,010,400	2,010,400					
Emergency management	0	0	0	14,750,400	14,750,400					
Donor relations	414,821	0	0	0	414,821					
Subtotal	681,391	0	0	16,760,800	17,442,191					
Logistics and operations support										
Logistics and supply	733,252	0	0	1,225,200	1,958,452					
Subtotal	733,252	0	0	1,225,200	1,958,452					
Total	53,752,066	821,992	28,786,518	50,168,643	133,529,219					
2011 Revised budget	58,077,612	815,199	22,373,910	152,286,455	233,553,176					

PARTNERS

Implementing partners

Government agencies

Commissionerate for Afghan Refugees FATA Disaster Management Authority National Database and Registration Authority National Disaster Management Authority Provincial Disaster Management Authority Social Welfare Department Peshawar

NGOs

Alisei - Italy

American Refugee Committee

Awaz Welfare Organization

Azat Foundation Balochistan

Balochistan Foundation for Development

Basic Education for Afghan Refugees

Blue Vein

Centre of Excellence for Rural Development

Chaghi Development Organization

Children First

Church World Service

Community Motivation and Development

Organization

Council for Community Development

Danish Refuge Council

DOST Welfare Foundation

Foundation for Rural Development

Frontier Primary Health Care

Hujra Village Support Organization

Humanitarian Assistance and Facilitating

Organization

Initiative for Development and Empowerment

AXIS

International Rescue Committee

International Medical Corps – UK

Koshan Welfare Society

Legend Society

Naveed Khan Foundation

New Ray of Hope

Norwegian Refugee Council

Pakistan Community Development Programme

Regional Institute for Policy Research and Training

Relief International

Sarhad Rural Support Programme

Save the Children

Society for Community Support to Primary

Education

Society for Empowering Human Resources

Society for Human Rights and Prisoners Aid

Society for Humanitarian Assistance

Research

Empowerment and Development

Struggle for Change

Taragee Foundation

Union Aid for Afghan Refugees

Wate

Environment and Sanitation Society

Wing for the Awareness and Development of Dir

Area Natives

Wish International

Operational partners

Government agencies

Ministry of States and Frontier Regions

Others

ILO

UNDP

UNICEF

WFP

WHO

UNESCO

UN Women UN Habitat

UN\