

REFUGEES IN CENTRAL ASIA

















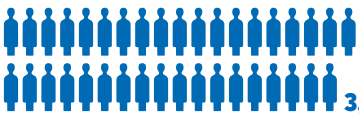

















4,704
refugees

1,795
asylum-seekers

3,589
applied for asylum in 2019

1,963
recognized as refugees in 2019

	Number of refugees and asylum-seekers as of the end of 2019	Number of persons who applied for asylum and recognized as refugees in 2019	The total number of refugees who were naturalized ² per country	Access to socio-economic rights
KAZAKHSTAN Acceded to the 1951 Refugee Convention ¹ in 1998	 524 refugees  218 asylum-seekers	 186 applied  11 recognized	 2	 Education  Healthcare  Right to work
THE KYRGYZ REPUBLIC Acceded to the 1951 Refugee Convention in 1996	 353 refugees  164 asylum-seekers	 168 applied  25 recognized	 2	 Education  Healthcare  Right to work ³
TAJIKISTAN Acceded to the 1951 Refugee Convention in 1993	 3,791 refugees  1,413 asylum-seekers	 3,235 applied  1,927 recognized	 -	 Education  Healthcare  Right to work
TURKMENISTAN Acceded to the 1951 Refugee Convention in 1998	 22 refugees	-	 1	 Education  Healthcare
UZBEKISTAN	 14 refugees	-	 -	 Education  Healthcare

¹ The 1951 Refugee Convention defines the term 'refugee' and outlines the rights of the displaced, as well as the legal obligations of States to protect them.

² Naturalization is the legal process through which a refugee acquires a citizenship of a host country.

³ For refugees, not for asylum seekers.