

2020 REFUGEES IN CENTRAL ASIA

















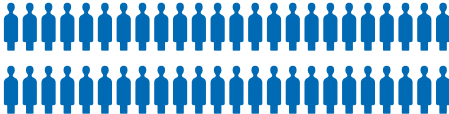

















6,398
refugees

988
asylum-seekers

1,501
applied for asylum in 2020

1,949
recognized as refugees in 2020

	Number of refugees and asylum-seekers as of the end of 2020	Number of persons who applied for asylum and recognized as refugees in 2020	The total number of refugees who were naturalized ² per country	Access to socio-economic rights
KAZAKHSTAN Acceded to the 1951 Refugee Convention ¹ in 1998	 445 refugees  233 asylum-seekers	 88 applied  4 recognized	 -	 Education  Healthcare  Right to work
THE KYRGYZ REPUBLIC Acceded to the 1951 Refugee Convention in 1996	 337 refugees  347 asylum-seekers	 323 applied  10 recognized	 14	 Education  Healthcare  Right to work ³
TAJIKISTAN Acceded to the 1951 Refugee Convention in 1993	 5,581 refugees  408 asylum-seekers	 1,090 applied  1,935 recognized	 -	 Education  Healthcare  Right to work
TURKMENISTAN Acceded to the 1951 Refugee Convention in 1998	 21 refugees	-	 1	 Education  Healthcare
UZBEKISTAN	 14 refugees	-	 -	 Education  Healthcare

¹ The 1951 Refugee Convention defines the term 'refugee' and outlines the rights of the displaced, as well as the legal obligations of States to protect them.

² Naturalization is the legal process through which a refugee acquires a citizenship of a host country.

³ For refugees, not for asylum seekers.