What do **YOU** think?

A report on public perception about refugees and migrants in Malta

2012



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Contact:

Field work:

400 net respondents were interviewed face-

to-face across Malta and

Gozo in January 2012 by

Informa Consultants

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Ion Hoisaeter **UNHCR Malta Representative**

"The majority of the

Maltese are not in fact

worried that their way

of life is under threat

from migration."

Over the years much has been said about what people in Malta think about refugees and migrants. Politicians and journalists air their opinions, often with reference to the views of the population. Bloggers and online commentators frequently talk about migration challenges from a 'Malta perspective'. Some go much further to discredit people sweepingly labelled as 'illegal migrants', at times using derogatory and xenophobic language.

How representative are these views? Are we getting the whole picture from hearing mainly the loudest voices? At UNHCR we have felt the need to test some of the assumptions often made.

Some outcomes were more or less what we had expected. Other findings were less predictable. Read more about this in the survey summary on the next page.

At UNHCR we take several lessons from this survey. Firstly it is safe to say that, when it comes to attitudes among the Maltese, the picture appears more complex compared with how these views are often portrayed by the media. The survey also shows that the majority are not in fact very concerned that their way of life is under threat from migration. The results do, however, also raise points which illustrate problems within Maltese communities. These issues need to be taken seriously.

The survey shows that many people in this country are conscious of what it takes to promote positive integration in local communities. This is not a bad starting point for increased interaction and dialogue. At the same time almost half of the population in Malta have never spoken to someone they would consider to be a refugee or a migrant.

We are acutely aware that there is still a job to do in Malta, both in terms of listening to local communities and in terms of providing information and support to new residents in this country. We think this needs to be a joint effort by authorities, civil society as well as the general public.

What do you think?

Beyond assumptions

The only way to find out is to ask the people themselves. Therefore, we have worked with an independent research agency, to reach out to 400 households in Malta - house by house, face to face. People of different ages and backgrounds were approached. Every region, from Gozo to Marsaxlokk, is represented. This report is about the answers we received.

In a few words

Who did the study?

Informa Consultants were commissioned to interview 400 face-to-face respondents across Malta and Gozo during January 2012 in both Maltese and English.

Who was interviewed?

The survey included randomly selected respondents over 16 years of age that have been living as residents in Malta for at least two years.

What we asked?

The survey was based on a mix of open choice (OC) and multiple choice (MC) questions. The study has a general margin of error of +/-4.9%.

What were the answers?

The survey confirmed that there are many different views and opinions 'out there'. From UNHCR's perspective there were some very interesting findings. Some of these points are highlighted below, while the detailed results from a range of specific questions are presented in the following pages.

Just over 50% of the respondents indicate that they think there are too many migrants and refugees arriving in their locality. It is interesting to note that less than half of the people asked were in fact aware of any such individuals living in their own communities. Around 20% said that their major concern relating to migration is Malta's limited size. But according to the survey almost half those asked do not in fact consider that there are too many refugees and migrants arriving in their communities.

Concerns about 'too many migrants' do not necessarily translate into worries about threats to local community life. In fact a majority of 54% do not consider migration to be a threat to their way of life in the local community. There are, however, significant regional differences on this point. The survey also found that young respondents generally expressed less concern.

Survey respondents who live in localities close to Hal Far did express a higher degree of concern about negative impact on the local way of life due to the presence of refugees and migrants. It is perhaps not surprising that in areas dominated by the larger temporary accommodation and detention centres more than 70% are concerned about the effect on local communities. By comparison the perception of threat drops very significally among respondents living in the northern and central areas of Malta as well as in Gozo.

More than 43% of the respondents said they had never had any form of interaction with any refugees or migrants. On a more positive note, more than half of those surveyed reported to have spoken with a refugee or migrant at least once during the past year. one in four said the same for the last week before the survey. Most of the interaction with refugees and migrants was reported to take place in relation to work, in the street and in shops.

The words 'refugee' and 'migrant' are frequently in use by various media. But do most people know what they actually mean? In fact, more than 51% of respondents were able to distinguish between the two terms. However, the majority suggested that 'refugees' and 'migrants' originate mainly from the same areas (Africa, Libya and Somalia). After a decade of boat arrivals from Libya, it is perhaps to be expected that the Maltese population thinks of asylum seekers when they encounter the word 'migrant', although there are several other groups of non-EU residents present in Malta.

A majority of 58% agreed with the statement that "people coming to Malta should change their ways to be more like other Maltese citizens." The main elements that could define successful integration, and ultimately naturalization through citizenship, were identified by the majority as: "clean criminal record", "duration of stay" and "work". Almost half of the respondents said that migrants and refugees can contribute to Maltese society by "working legally" and "paying taxes". Take a look at the back page of this report to read some of the comments made on this question.

According to those surveyed, people of sub-Saharan African background are considered as the least likely to settle successfully in Malta, with around 46% citing "different culture" as the main obstacle in this regard. Many respondents expressed the view that the Maltese are reserved about mixing with people of different cultures. In fact almost two thirds of respondents think that "only a few" or 'hardly anyone' in Malta accept such differences.

But more than one third of the Maltese agree that a mixture of different lifestyles and cultures, such as those brought about by refugees and migrants, makes Malta a more attractive place to live. Many of those interviewed also showed understanding as regards the hardship some refugees and migrants are faced with: approximately 80% of respondents believe that refugees and migrants are not treated fairly when looking for **jobs**. A large majority also acknowledge that they face discrimination in searching for accommodation. There appears to be strong general awareness about obstacles and discrimination affecting refugees and migrants who try to settle in Malta.

51.0%

said that a refugee is a person fleeing his country, seeking refugee or in need of help.



said that interaction with refugees and migrants is happening at work

29.8%

said that refugees and migrants can contribute by working legally in Malta

67.8%

do not know any refugees or migrants personally

identified "different cul-

4

46.4%

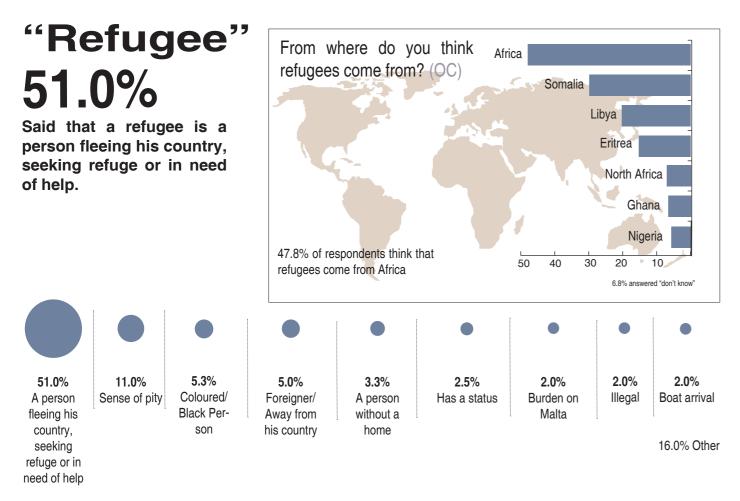
ture" as the main barrier to integration

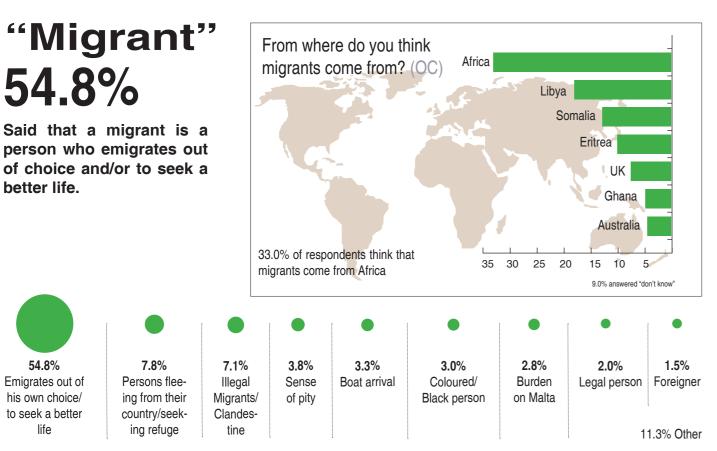


agreed that refugees and migrants would need special programmes of support in Malta.

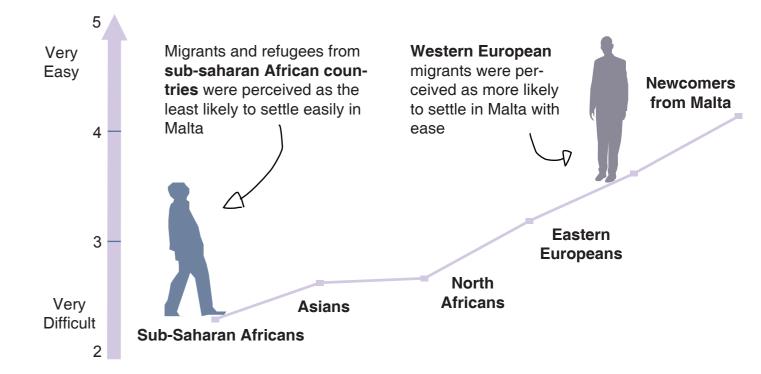
What's in a word?

What is the first thing that comes to your mind when you hear? (OC)





How easily do you think the following groups of people would settle into your community?



What do you think are the obstacles that prevent refugees from integrating in the community? (OC)



Identified "different culture" as the main barrier to integration



Why do you think refugees and migrants would settle easily in Malta? (OC)

47.3%

Identified "They feel welcomed", as the main reason why they would adjust easily to Malta

54.8%

life

28.7%	They don't feel wel- comed
23.7%	Different race
20.2%	It is hard to find work
16.7%	Different religion
14.8%	It is too small for them
10.7%	They are not treated
	fairly
6.3%	Different language
4.1%	Hard to find accomoda- tion
3.2%	Prejudice/ Racism
1.3%	Different Colour
8.5%	Other

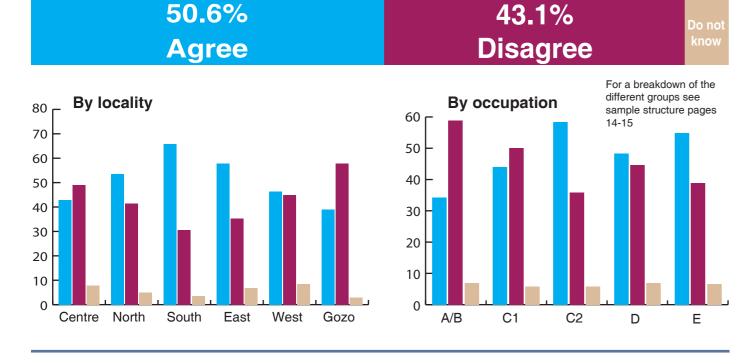
25.3	% They receive a lot of as- sistance
20.99	% Better living conditions
18.79	% It is easy to find work
8.8%	Similiar climate
8.8%	Other

MC: Multiple Choice OC: Open Choice

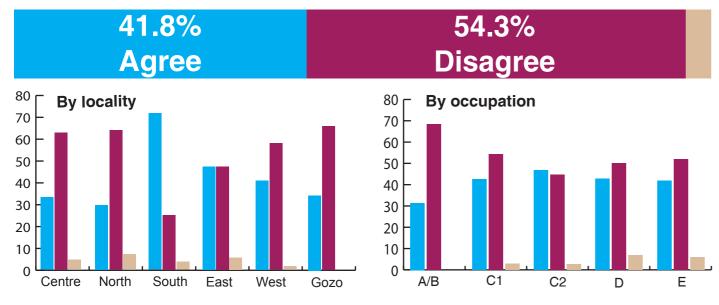
Living in the community

Do you agree/disagree with the following statements?

"I feel there are too many refugees and migrants coming to my locality"



"I worry that the way of life in my locality is being threatened by high levels of immigration"



Gender: The survey revealed no significant differences when it came to gender. 50.0% of females and 51.0% of males agree that "there are too many" refugees and migrants living in their locality; while 40.6% of females and 42.9% of males were concerned about high levels of migration.

Age: The study revealed that concern over migration increased with age. 48.4% of the 16-44 of age said "there are too many" refugees and migrants, this increased to 52.4% when it came to the 45-65+ of age group. 39.1% of the 16-44 age group perceived migration as a threat, this again increased to 44.2% to the 45-66+ age group.

Respondents were asked to rate using a scale from 1 to 5 (1 meaning 'totally agree' and 5 meaning 'totally disagree'). The percentage for vote number 3 was equally divided between those who agreed and disagreed.

Do you know of any refugees/ migrants living in your locality? (MC)

45.0%

Are aware of refugees and/or migrants living in their locality. The majority (55.0%) would not know if there are any refugees and migrants living in their community.

42.8%	
31.7%	
12.8%	
7.8%	
6.1%	Otł
1.7%	Po

How can refugees and migrants contribute to Maltese society? (OC)

29.8%

Said that refugees and migrants can contribute by working legally



What is your biggest concern regarding refugees and migrants? (OC)

9.3%

Identified Malta's geographical size as the main source of concern



Do you know why they were admitted to Malta? (OC)

		Don't know
	Life threaten	ing problems
To find work		

Better quality of life/ better future

her reasons

overty in their country

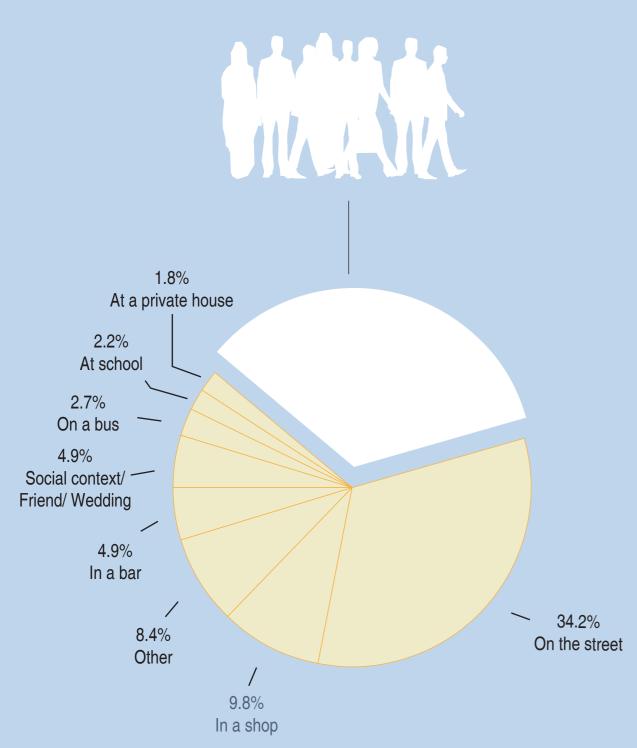
14.5%	Paying taxes
8.0%	Integrating better/ ac- cepting Maltese culture
6.3%	Accepting and abiding laws and regulations
4.5%	Appreciating the assis- tance received/ showing respect
4.3%	Engaging in voluntary/ community work
1.8%	Paying for services
14.3%	Other
16.5%	No reply
	8.0% 6.3% 4.5% 4.3% 1.8% 14.3%

15.5%	Taking up work from Maltese
12.0%	Fear of violence/ crimi- nal behaviour
11.8%	Different culture/ Cul- tural threat
6.8%	Burden on Malta
3.8%	Fear of spread of dis- eases
3.0%	Abuse of their situation
8.8%	Other
19.0%	No reply
	12.0% 11.8% 6.8% 3.8% 3.0% 8.8%

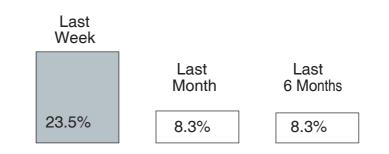
Meet the other

If you have spoken to a refugee or migrant in what context did the interaction take place? (OC)

36.4% Respondents said that interaction is happening at work



When did you last speak with a refugee

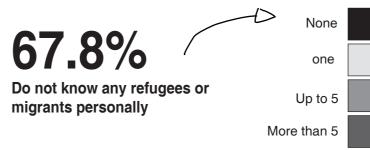


Did you ever visit a home of a refugee or invite a refugee over?

9.0%

Of respondents visited a home of a refugee or migrant.

How many refugees and migrants would you say you know personally? (MC)



What prevents people from interacting and building meaningful relationships? (OC)

34.5%

Of respondents said "no common ground"



or migrant? (MC)		Never
Up to 1 year ago	More than a Year	
7.8%	8.5%	43.8%



Of respondents had received a refugee or migrant at home.

			67.8%
7.	5%		
	13.8%		
	11.1%		

25.5%	Overall racist attitude
24.0%	Perceived as dangerous
7.0%	Perception of lack of hygiene
5.8%	Fear they will take our jobs
4.8%	Don't trust them
4.5%	Colour of skin
2.8%	Different religion
2.0%	They have the wrong attitude
1.8%	Maltese don't like mixing
1.0%	Fear of diseases
8.5%	Other
3.8%	No reply

Integration?

Do you agree/disagree with the following statements?

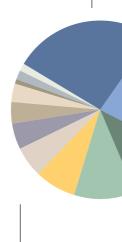
"A mixture of different lifestyles and cultures such as those brought about by refugees and migrants makes Malta a more attractive place to live"



Do you think that refugees or migrants need any special programmes and services to help them adjust to Malta? (MC)

78.3%

Agreed that refugees and migrants would need special programmes of support.



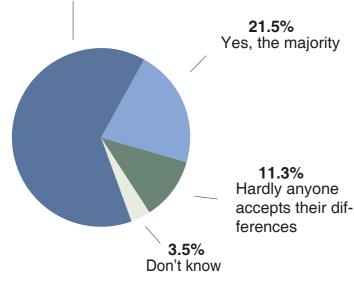
"Refugees and migrants coming to Malta should change their ways to be more like other Maltese citizens"

58.3%	39.6%	
Agree	Don't Agree	

Do you think that people in Malta accept cultural differences? (MC)

63.7%

Of respondents said that "only a few accept cultural differences"



What criteria should be set to become a Maltese citizen? (MC/OC)

Respondents were asked to rate using a scale from 1 to 10 (1 meaning 'not important at all' and 10 meaning 'very important').

Clean criminal record 9.43

Duration 7.70

Work 6.72

Education 6.10

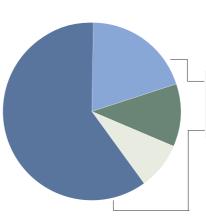
Language 5.94

Married to a Maltese citizen 5.38

Are refugees and migrants treated fairly when they look for work? (MC)

60.5%

Of respondents said that refugees and migrants are "not treated so fairly" when looking for jobs.



Are refugees and migrants treated fairly when they look for accommodation? (MC)

56.5%

Of respondents said that refugees and migrants are "not treated so fairly" when looking for accommodation.

If so, what services would they need? (OC)

 43.8%	Lifeskills to help them integrate better into the community
37.7%	Education (access to the education system)
18.8%	Learning the language
18.5%	Job skills & training
12.1%	Assistance with accomo- dation
9.3%	Learning the Maltese culture/ Maltese legisla- tion
8.0%	Employment aid
6.4%	Medical assistance/ Edu- cation on health issues
5.8%	Legal advice
1.3%	Transport assistance
2.9%	Other

19.5%	Not fairly at all
11.5%	Yes very fairly
8.5%	Don't know



14.2%	Not fairly at all
13.5%	Yes very fairly
15.8%	Don't know

Sample structure

The sample was developed using a **Probability Proportional to Size** procedure. Quotas were also determined in order to obtain a representative sample of the Maltese population aged 16 years upwards. The following tables display the demographic distribution obtained in the survey.

400 respondents were interviewed face-to-face by Informa Consultants in the month of January 2012.

Age

11.3%	16-24 yrs	
17.8%	25-34 yrs	
19.3%	35-44 yrs	
15.3%	45-54 yrs	
18.5%	55-64 yrs	
18.0%	65 & over	

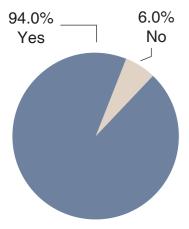
Marital Status

0.3%	No Reply
68.3%	Married or
	living with
	partner
3.5%	Divorced/
	Separated
5.3%	Widowed
22.8%	Single

Ethnic Identity

1.5%	No reply		
95.3%	Maltese		
2.0%	Non-EU		
1.3%	EU		

Were you born in Malta?



N.B. Some of the questions in the report included the possibility of multiple responses by each respondent

Gender Male Female 40 49.5% 30 1 20 1

10

Level of Education

0.8%	No reply
17.5%	Tertirary level
10.8%	Intermediate level
15.8%	Secondary level vocational
35.8%	Secondary level general
19.5%	Primary level

How Malta and Gozo were divided

28.	.2% 1	4.8%	13.5%	17.8	3%	17.8%	8.0%	
Centre	North	South	n Eas	st	West	Go)ZO	
Msida	Mellieha	Luqa	Xgha	jra	Rabat	San	San Lawrenz	
Ta'Xbiex	Mgarr	Gudja	Zabb	ar	Dingli	Gha	Gharb	
Pieta	St Paul's Bay	Mqabba	Mars	ascala	Mdina	Kerd	Kercem	
Valletta	Mosta	Kirkop	Kirkop Kalkara		Siggiewi	Gha	Ghasri	
Floriana	Naxxar	Safi				Zebbug Zebbug		
Swieqi	Gharghur	Zurrieq	Seng	lea	St Venera	Rab	Rabat	
Pembroke	Bahar ic- Caghaq	Qrendi	Cosp	icua	Hamrun	Fon	Fontana	
St Julians	Qawra	Zejtun	Paola	l	Qormi	Mur	Munxar	
San Gwann	Bugibba	Marsaxlo	kk Fgura	1	Marsa	San	Sannat	
Sliema	Zebbiegh	Birzebbug	ga Tarxi	en	G'Mangia	Xew	/kija	
Gzira	Mtarfa	Ghaxaq	St Lu	cia	Bahrija	Xag	hra	
Balzan	Cirkewwa					Gha	ijnsielem	
Attard	Mtarfa					Nad	ur	
Lija	Salina					Qala	a	
Iklin	Ghajn Tuff- ieha					Mar	salforn	
Birkirkara	Armier					Xler	ndi	
St Andrews	Xemxija							
Paceville	Manikata							
Kappara	Bidnija							
Blata I-Bajda	Burmarrad							
Madliena								
Mriehel								
Ta-Librag								
Fluer de Lys						İ		

Socio Economic Status

14.2%

16.8%

25.5%

7.0%

A/B Household

Heads of these households are successful business persons, senior civil servant or has considerable private means. Young people in these occupations who have not fully established themselves, may still be in grade B.

C1 Household

Heads of these housholds are "white collars" workers: non-manual workers who carry out administrative, supervisory and clerical jobs, students on a grant.

C2 Households

Heads of these households are mainly skilled manual workers, tradesperson/craftsperson who have served an apprenticeship or had more than three years training for their job.

D Households

Heads of these households are manual workers, semi-skilled or unskilled.

36.5% E Households

Grade "E" consists of old age pensioners, widows and their families, unemployed and those who through sickness or unemployment are dependent upon social security and/ or supplementary benefits.

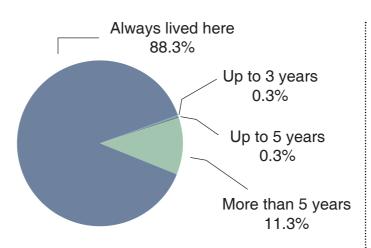
Financial standing

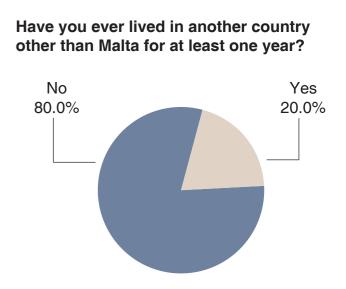
	Compared to a year ago	A year ahead
No Reply	0%	0.5%
Better off	9.8%	9.8%
Just about the same	46.8%	30.3%
Worse off	39.5%	29.0%
Don't know	4.0%	30.5%

Duration of stay

An assessment was carried out to find out how long respondents had been living in Malta. People living in Malta for less than 2 years were not eligible to carry out the survey

How long have you been living in Malta?





How do you think refugees & migrants can contribute to the Maltese society?



"By going back to their country"