Rwanda
Population of Concern to UNHCR
as of 31st May 2017

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**Population Figures**

- **Active Total**: 169,083
- **Refugees**: 160,281
- **Asylum Seekers (Pending)**: 8,802

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**CoO Breakdown**

- **Burundi**: 85,577 (53.3%)
- **DRC**: 74,205 (46.3%)
- **Others**: 499 (0.3%)

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**Age Breakdown**

- **0-17**: 50%
- **18-59**: 47%
- **60+**: 3%

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**Monthly Registration Trends**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>1,256</td>
<td>1,008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jun</td>
<td>1,261</td>
<td>1,576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jul</td>
<td>1,140</td>
<td>839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aug</td>
<td>839</td>
<td>668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep</td>
<td>1,830</td>
<td>687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct</td>
<td>668</td>
<td>687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov</td>
<td>687</td>
<td>1,008</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Map**

- **UNHCR Country Office**
- **UNHCR Field Office**
- **UNHCR Field Unit**
- **Refugee Camp**
- **Reception / Transit Centre**
- **Refugee Urban Location**
- **International Location**
- **Province boundary**

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**Notes**

- Rwanda Population of Concern to UNHCR as of 31st May 2017.
- Active Total: 169,083
- Refugees: 160,281
- Asylum Seekers (Pending): 8,802
- CoO Breakdown: Burundi 85,577 (53.3%), DRC 74,205 (46.3%), Others 499 (0.3%)
- Age Breakdown: 0-17 50%, 18-59 47%, 60+ 3%
- Monthly Registration Trends:
  - May: 1,256, 1,008
  - Jun: 1,261, 1,576
  - Jul: 1,140, 839
  - Aug: 839, 668
  - Sep: 1,830, 687
  - Oct: 668, 687
  - Nov: 687, 1,008
**SITUATION OVERVIEW**

Majority of Burundian refugees are accommodated in Mahama camp in Eastern Province. Some 30% of people live in urban locations mainly Kigali and Huye. Humanitarian assistance and protection is mainly provided to people living in the camp. Needs of people living in urban areas remain undersupported mainly due to lack of funds. Therefore, more and more people approach UNHCR with request for transfer to Mahama camp due to inability to cater for basic needs on their own. UNHCR is developing a community-based protection and outreach programme to enhance contact with and respond to protection needs of urban refugees.

**KEY FIGURES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population</th>
<th>New arrivals</th>
<th>Funding in USD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>95,522* registered refugees</td>
<td>3,651 new arrivals in the last six months</td>
<td>2.2 million funds raised.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85,577 active refugees targeted for humanitarian assistance</td>
<td></td>
<td>4% of the response plan funded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53,537 refugees in camps and transit centers targeted for humanitarian assistance in 2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>55.7 million gap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31,579** refugees in urban areas that receive minimal humanitarian assistance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*0,045 temporarily intransit due to absence at food distribution for 3 or more months or spontaneous departure
**Refugees in Kigali: 28,327 Refugees in Huye: 5,262 Additional other nationalities: 499

**PROTECTION**

**Key figures**

- 839 newly registered persons
- 25 unaccompanied children identified
- 23 new reported cases of child abuse, neglect, violence and exploitation
- 20 new cases of SGBV cases reported

**Results**

- 281 New born children issued with birth certificates
- Children identified as UACs/SCs (of the total population)
- Population sensitized on Child Protection
- Population sensitized on SGBV
- People with specific needs assisted (elderly, disabled etc.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>839 newly registered persons</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 unaccompanied children identified</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23 new reported cases of child abuse, neglect, violence and exploitation</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 new cases of SGBV cases reported</td>
<td>31%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Highlights**

- The first mobile court hearings took place in Mahama camp; the Nyarubuye Court of First Instance sentenced 6 refugees who were charged with drug consumption, aggravated assault and child abuse.
- 17 vulnerable households (32 individuals) were relocated from Kigali to Gatore transit centre.
- 1,269 registered unaccompanied children, of which 554 UACs and 715 SCs. 23 child protection cases supported.
- 110 refugees participating in Child Protection training; 10,000 people reached with sensitization on Child Protection and 17,000 reached with sensitization on SGBV.

**Challenges**

- Teenage pregnancies increased from 32 to 55 in May. UNHCR and partners are carrying out mass sensitization campaigns on teen pregnancy, child neglect and assault.
- Night patrols by the refugee security team are inefficient due to lack of proper equipment.
- Refugees are consuming prohibited locally-distilled alcohol, which is triggering crimes.
- Child neglect has increased from 2 cases identified per week to 4 per week in May.

**EDUCATION**

**Key figures**

- 4,869 children in early childhood education
- 7,242 children in primary school
- 1,710 children in secondary school
- 16,293 children integrated in primary and secondary schools

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-school age children enrolled in ECD</td>
<td>72%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary school age children enrolled in primary school</td>
<td>88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary school age children enrolled in secondary school</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Highlights**

- School feeding monitored to ensure nutritious meals are received.
- Children with disabilities can easily access educational opportunities.
- Scholastic material and uniforms distributed to school aged children.

**Challenges**

- Some Early Childhood Development (ECD) centres are still hosted in temporary structures (plastic sheets).
- Lack of space for recreational activities at the school.
- Absence of electricity at Paysannal L School.

**SHELTER AND NON FOOD ITEMS**

**Key figures**

- 5,079 individual semi-permanent shelters
- 112 communal shelters (hangars)
- 17,824 people live in communal shelters (hangars)
- 0 emergency shelters (tents)
- 3,469 km of drainage channels constructed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>People living in individual semi-permanent shelters</td>
<td>67%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People receiving soap</td>
<td>64%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women in reproductive age receiving sanitary supplies</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Highlights**

- Some 35,766 refugees live in individual, back to back, semi-permanent shelters.
- 97 shelters constructed by the end of the reporting period. 1,112 individuals were relocated to the new shelters.
- 40 individual shelters repaired.

**Challenges**

- Lack of land to construct 1,673 shelters; 30Ha needed.
- Communal hangars in villages 17-20 are deteriorating and require rehabilitation.
- Semi-permanent shelters need plastering/mudding to enhance their durability.
### HEALTH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Challenges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>182 newborn children</td>
<td>Births delivered in health facility</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>Health facilities in Mahama are opened for host community.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 persons deceased</td>
<td>Persons with HIV/AIDS received treatment</td>
<td>97%</td>
<td>10 health care providers were trained on integrated HIV/AIDS services and case management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 maternal deaths</td>
<td>78 consultations per clinician per day</td>
<td></td>
<td>76 Community Health Workers were trained on HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis C prevention.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Challenges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>53,217 persons assisted with food</td>
<td>Persons assisted with food</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td>WFP had received enough funding to ensure full food assistance was provided for all refugees in May.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,579 children in ECD centres are assisted with school feeding</td>
<td>ECD children assisted with school feeding</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,054 children supported with blanket supplementary feeding</td>
<td>Primary/secondary school children assisted with school feeding</td>
<td>93%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### WATER SANITATION AND HYGIENE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Challenges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>77 latrine blocks under construction</td>
<td>Water taps in use</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>The permanent water treatment plant is under repair and expected to be operational in the coming weeks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20L of water per person per day</td>
<td>Population reached with hygiene promotion activities</td>
<td>85%</td>
<td>Insufficient land to construct 51 latrine blocks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,177 latrines (17 persons/drop hole)</td>
<td>Latrines adapted for persons with disabilities</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
<td>Lack of sufficient sanitation tools for use in the camp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,998 shower rooms (18 persons/room)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45,300 people reached with hygiene activities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### LIVELIHOODS, ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14,826 persons recorded as being employed (engaged in income-generating activities)</td>
<td>Persons engaged in income-generating activities</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>487 persons provided with support to expand or formalize their businesses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,451 trees planted</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>47 persons provided with entrepreneurship / business training</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,182 kg of firewood distributed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Update on:** 8 June 2017  
**Author:** UNHCR Rwanda  
**Sources:** UNHCR statistics, UNHCR Field Office Kirehe  
**Feedback:** Martina Pomery, External Relations Officer, pomery@unhcr.org, Tel: +250-252-589-874, Cell: +250 (0) 78-830-2769  
Erika Fitzpatrick, Associate PI/Reporting Officer, fitzpat@unhcr.org, Tel: +250-252-589-874, Cell +250 (0) 78-838-9828  
**Twitter:** @RefugeesRwanda
Challenges

UNHCR and Plan International conducted a physical verification exercise of unaccompanied and separated children and separated children in Mugombwa and Kigeme camps. Over 165 children were identified.

Late reporting on child abuse cases affects a timely response to medically and psychologically support the child.

Culture of silence impacts negatively level of reporting of SGBV and CP cases.

● 525 children issued with birth certificates.
● 537 registered unaccompanied children, of which 140 UACs and 397 SCs. Total of 247 child protection cases supported.
● 189 refugees participated in Child Protection training.
● 3,749 adolescent reached through targeted programming.
● 8,540 people reached with sensitization on Child Protection and 15,895 reached with sensitization on SGBV.

Key figures

Percentage

Persons with disabilities

Population

74,205

refugees

8,802

asylum seekers (pending)

81,487

refugees and asylum seekers in camps and transit centers targeted for humanitarian assistance in 2017

Population per camp

Kigeme

19,753

Gihembe

12,455

Kiziba

17,156

Mugombwa

8,947

Nyabiheke

14,374

*Additional 8,802 asylum seekers live in camps

Funding in USD

11.9 million funds raised.

26% of the response plan funded

33.8 million gap

SITUATION OVERVIEW

Majority of Congolese refugees are living in five refugee camps throughout the country. A very small number of refugees live in urban locations, mainly in Kigali. Humanitarian assistance and protection is mainly provided to people living in the camps. However, due to the protracted situation, the funding is very limited and therefore the living conditions in the camps remain unsatisfactory. Resettlement for protracted Congolese refugees has slowed down without new cases being submitted to the US

PROTECTION

Key figures

Results

Highlights

Challenges

169 newly registered persons

173 unaccompanied children identified

18 new reported cases of child abuse, neglect, violence and exploitation

27 new cases of SGBV cases reported

6,841 persons with specific needs

Older persons with specific needs

7%

Child protection cases supported

50%

Population sensitized on Child Protection

15%

Population sensitized on SGBV

23%

Persons with disabilities

3%

● 525 children issued with birth certificates.
● 537 registered unaccompanied children, of which 140 UACs and 397 SCs. Total of 247 child protection cases supported.
● 189 refugees participated in Child Protection training.
● 3,749 adolescent reached through targeted programming.
● 8,540 people reached with sensitization on Child Protection and 15,895 reached with sensitization on SGBV.

● UNHCR and Plan International conducted a physical verification exercise of unaccompanied and separated children and separated children in Mugombwa and Kigeme camps. Over 165 children were identified.
● Late reporting on child abuse cases affects a timely response to medically and psychologically support the child.
● Culture of silence impacts negatively level of reporting of SGBV and CP cases.

EDUCATION

Key figures

Results

Highlights

Challenges

4,102 children in early childhood education

11,664 children in primary school

4,308 children in secondary school

57% primary school children integrated

73% secondary school children integrated

Children enrolled in early childhood education

64%

Children enrolled in primary school

79%

Children enrolled in secondary school

44%

● 22 classrooms under construction with durable materials in Gihembe camp.
● Ongoing distribution of scholastic materials and uniforms.
● 220 children with disabilities enrolled in school.

● Delay in provision of scholastic materials and school uniform.
● There is need for additional classrooms for ECD and primary schools.
● Lack of school feeding and hot meal programs for children attending early childhood education and primary schools.

SHELTER AND NON FOOD ITEMS

Key figures

Results

Highlights

Challenges

13,048 individual semi-permanent shelters

3 communal shelters (hangars)

174 people live in communal shelters (hangars)

3,258 shelter roofs covered in plastic sheeting

People receiving soap

53%

Women in reproductive age receiving sanitary supplies

63%

● 1,009 shelters transformed from temporary to semi-permanent shelters.
● 2,370 individual shelters repaired.
● 2,602 km of roads constructed.

● There are insufficient shelters in Kiziba camp; 332 refugees without proper shelters were identified.
● Shelter rehabilitation and reconstruction activities can’t be completed due to plastic sheeting being prohibited and lack of funding to replace roofing with iron sheets.
● Refugees are complaining about roof leakages but plastic sheeting as an interim solution is prohibited.
## HEALTH

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>169 newborn children</td>
<td></td>
<td>● 13,919 people provided with primary health care services. Major causes of illnesses: Respiratory Tract Infection and Malaria.</td>
<td>Limited budget for referrals to secondary and tertiary level health care results with people in need not be able to receive appropriate services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 persons deceased</td>
<td></td>
<td>● 556 patients referred to the secondary and tertiary level health care.</td>
<td>Health center in Kiziba needs renovation and expansion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 matenal deaths</td>
<td></td>
<td>● 59,616 condoms distributed to support family planning.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 pregnant persons (under 18 years)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Births delivered in health facility</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Persons with HIV/ AIDS received treatment and support</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>99%</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
<td></td>
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## FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION

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<tr>
<td>76,465 persons assisted with food</td>
<td></td>
<td>● 56 MAM and 7 SAM children were admitted for treatment.</td>
<td>Food cuts by WFP will impact the school feeding program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,202 children persons supported with blanket supplementary feeding</td>
<td></td>
<td>● Food provided to asylum seekers as well. Show-up for food decreased compared to previous month.</td>
<td>Supplementary feeding is provided through dry food ration with hinders the access of children in need to CSB++.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persons assisted with food</td>
<td><strong>96%</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Elderly persons and persons with chronic illnesses are not included in nutrition programmes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary/secondary school children assisted with school feeding</td>
<td><strong>90%</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Asylum seekers in need, are not targeted with nutrition programmes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persons in need have access to nutrition programmes</td>
<td><strong>98%</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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## WATER SANITATION AND HYGIENE

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 latrine blocks constructed</td>
<td></td>
<td>● Gihembe camp is now providing 19L/person/day.</td>
<td>Provision of potable water is below standards in Kigeme and Nyabiheke camps (13L/person/day).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19L of water per person per day (average)</td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>WASH facilities including latrines and showers insufficient compared to population size and needs. The gaps are expected to increase as plastic sheeting is no longer an option for rehabilitation purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.4 persons/latrine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Many shower rooms in some of the camps are inappropriate and do not preserve the privacy of refugees due to lack of roofing and doors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,077 showers (66 persons/shower)</td>
<td><strong>48%</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24,058 people reached with hygiene activities</td>
<td><strong>40%</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water taps in use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population reached with hygiene promotion activities</td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrines adapted for persons with disabilities</td>
<td><strong>40%</strong></td>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>128 persons supported with their business</td>
<td></td>
<td>● 750 persons provided with vocational trainings</td>
<td>Gihembe camp was connected to national electricity grid. However, the monthly costs are higher than expected, therefore the generator had to be reconnected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,897 trees planted</td>
<td></td>
<td>● 872 persons recorded as being employed or self-employed (engaged in income generating activities)</td>
<td>Delays of firewood distribution caused deforestation in Kiziba.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>576,630kg of firewood distributed</td>
<td></td>
<td>● 78 persons provided with entrepreneurship / business training</td>
<td>Lack of public lighting in the camps.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals have received firewood</td>
<td><strong>91%</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>Asylum seekers living in the camp are not included in firewood distribution</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>