





10-Point Plan Expert Round table No. 2

"Different people – Different needs"

Tunis, 6-8 July 2009

Agenda

Monday, 6 July 2009

0.20 0.00	
8.30 – 9.00	Registration of participants
9.00 – 10.00	Welcome and Introductory Session Anja Klug, UNHCR Michele Klein Solomon, IOM Houssam Mu'allem/Anne Leclerc, IFRC Johannes van der Klaauw, UNHCR
10.00 – 10.15	Presentation by Agata Sobiech, European Commission
10.15 – 10.45	Coffee Break
10.45 – 13.00	Working Session I: Immediate needs upon arrival

Chair: Michele Klein Solomon, IOM

This session will discuss the setting up of reception arrangements and the roles and responsibilities of the different actors involved in addressing immediate needs of arrivals. It will explore the contributions they can make to the establishment or improvement of reception arrangements and will identify areas which would require the involvement of additional stakeholders. Experts will present good practice examples and participants will be invited to compile recommendations for the establishment of reception arrangements and services that should be provided.

10.45 – 11.15	Presentation on the "immediate needs" of arrivals Javier Sanchez Rivas, Spanish Red Cross
11.15 – 11.45	Presentation of good practice examples

Katrine Camilleri, Jesuit Refugee Service Padre Flor, Director of the Albergue Belen



11.45 - 13.00Working groups

The working groups will focus their discussion on the following questions:

- 1. Where should the reception arrangements be located?
- Reception centers or flexible reception arrangements? 2.
- 3. Open, semi-open or closed reception centers?
- Addressing immediate needs of new arrivals (food, clothing, health care...) 4.
- Assistance which can be provided by international organizations, NGOs and civil society? 5.
- Longer term reception 6.
- 12.30 13.00Reports of the working groups
- 13.00 14.00Lunch

14.00 - 16.15Working Session II: Identifying and protecting victims of Trafficking

Chair: Anja Klug, UNHCR

Victims of trafficking (VoTs) are often in need of a range of protection services including, but not limited to: physical and legal security, medical attention including psychosocial support for trauma, and access to the option of local integration, voluntary return and reintegration or third country relocation. Some VoTs may also be in need of international refugee protection which includes protection against refoulement. This session will explore practical ways to identify and protect VoTs.

14.00 - 14.30**Identification and protection of victims of human trafficking** Jonathan Martens, IOM

14.30-15.45 Working groups

The working groups will focus their discussion on the following questions:

- What are the challenges of identifying VoTs? 1.
- What indicators should be used for the identification of victims of trafficking? 2.
- 3. What are the relevant tools?
- What are the specific needs of victims of trafficking? (Witness protection, counselling, 4. psycho-social support...)
- 5. Who are the main actors for the identification and protection of VoTs?
- What are their respective roles and responsibilities? 6.

15.45 - 16.15 Reports of the working groups

16.15 - 16.30Coffee Break



16.30 - 18.45Working Session III: Identifying the needs of children

Chair: Pablo Ceriani, UNICEF

Children have needs and rights in addition to those of adults. Care must be taken to ensure that the specific needs, capabilities, and rights of children – girls and boys of all ages and backgrounds – are perceived, understood and attended to. This session will explore practical ways to enhance the identification of children in need of specific forms of protection and offer them the best solutions.

16.30-17.00 Presentation on identification of children' needs

Jacqueline Bhabha, Harvard Law School

17.00 - 17.30**Presentation of good practice examples**

Carlotta Bellini, Save the Children Italy

Gabriel Garcia Solis, National Institute for Migration

17.30 - 18.15Working groups

The working groups will focus their discussion on the following questions:

- What are the main challenges in identifying children's needs, especially those who are 1. unaccompanied/separated?
- 2. What indicators should be used for the identification of unaccompanied and separated children?
- What indicators should be used for the identification of child victims of trafficking? 3.
- What are the relevant tools? 4.
- What are the specific needs of children? 5.
- Who are the main actors for the identification of children's needs? 6.
- What are their respective roles and responsibilities? 7.

18.15 - 18.45Reports of the working groups

20.00 **Reception**

Tuesday, 7 July 2009

9.00 - 10.45Working Session IV: Identifying and protecting asylum-seekers

Chair: IFRC

In countries affected by large mixed movements, the asylum system becomes strained if many of the arrivals, regardless of their international refugee protection needs, apply for asylum to seek to regularize their stay. This session will focus on tools (caseload management, use of Country of Origin Information/group profiling ...) for the identification of asylum-seekers. Participants will also discuss how fair and efficient decision-making can be best facilitated in a mixed migration context.



09.00 - 09.15Identification of asylum-seekers in a mixed migration context

Andrea Vonkeman, UNHCR

09.15 - 10.15**Working groups**

The working groups will focus their discussion on the following questions:

- What are the challenges of identifying asylum seekers? 1.
- What indicators should be used for the identification of asylum seekers? 2.
- What are the relevant tools for the identification of asylum-seekers? 3.
- 4. What kind of information should asylum-seekers be provided with?
- Who are the main actors for the identification of asylum-seekers and for the provision of 5. information?
- 6. How can the efficiency of the asylum system be improved without compromising the fairness of the procedures?

10.15 - 10.45Reports of the working groups

10.45 - 11.15 Coffee Break

14.30 - 16.15Working Session V: The identification and protection of women at risk

Chair: IOM

Displacement can expose women and girls to a range of factors that may put them at additional risk of violations of their rights. These can be present in the wider protection environment (security and communication problems; limited access to services, information or assistance; dependency, isolation or promiscuity) and/or be the result of the individual's particular circumstances (resulting, for example, from their civil status or position in the group; previous exposure to sexual and gender-based violence or other forms of violence; and the need for specific health care or other support).

This session will explore concrete measures to improve the identification and protection needs of these vulnerable persons in the context of mixed movements.

14.30 – 15.00	Presentation of	on the specific	protection needs	of women at risk

Ivy Josiah, Women's Aid Organisation

15.00 - 15.30Presentation of good practice example

Mériem Belaala, "SOS Femmes en Detresse"

15.30 - 16.15Working groups

Working groups 1 and 2 will focus their discussion on the following questions:

- (4) What are the specific needs of women at risk?
- (5) Who are the actors for the identification of women at risk?
- (6) What are their respective roles and responsibilities?



Working groups 4, 5 and 6 will focus their discussion on the following questions:

- (1) What are the main challenges in identifying women at risk?
- (2) What indicators should be used for the identification of women at risk?
- (3) What are the relevant tools?

16.15 - 17.00Reports of the working groups

For Wednesday session, we will merge working sessions VI and VII.

The working groups will have one hour to discuss the issues related to profiling and referral mechanisms and to develop a profiling questionnaire. In preparation of tomorrow's session, we will circulate at the end of today's session, the Joint Screening form (still a draft) that was prepared by IOM and UNHCR. We would appreciate if participants could dedicate some time to read the form before the working session tomorrow morning.

Wednesday, 8 July 2009

9.00 -Working Session VI: Profiling and referral mechanisms **Development of a Profiling questionnaire**

Chair: IFRC

This session will explore practical ways to ensure that all new arrivals are informed about the options available to them and that their needs are identified. Participants will look at profiling (screening) as a tool for the identification of the specific needs of different types of people on the move, such as, inter alia, victims of trafficking, unaccompanied or separated children, women at risk, stateless persons and asylum seekers. Following a short presentation on the term profiling, round table experts will present good practice examples for discussion with other participants.

During this session, participants will discuss concrete measures to enhance cooperation among partners for the identification and referral of persons with special needs in a mixed migration context. Participants will review existing and/or develop new tools to facilitate cooperation.

9.00 – 9.05	Introduction Anja Klug, UNHCR
9.05 - 9.15	Presentation of good practice examples UNHCR-IOM Framework for the development of SOPs on Trafficking Jonathan Martens, IOM and Anja Klug, UNHCR
9.15 – 9.30	Lampedusa model Simona Moscarelli, IOM
9.30 - 10.30	Working groups



The working groups will focus their discussion on the following issues:

- What are the core elements of profiling and referral mechanisms? 1.
- Where, when and by whom should profiling and referral be conducted? 2.
- What are the types of needs to be identified? 3.
- Information gathering process and tools 4.
- Profiling and referral in detention centres 5.
- How can profiling and referral facilitate the management of arrivals? 6.

10.30 – 10.45	Coffee Break
10.45 – 11.15	Reports of the working groups
11.00 – 12.30	Wrap-up, Recommendations and Closure
13.30 – 14.30	Lunch