UNHCR’s Global Strategy for Livelihoods 2014-2018 emphasizes the importance of regular evaluation of livelihoods initiatives to ‘improve planning, learning and practice on successful approaches to livelihoods development and their impact on self-reliance’. Moreover, the UNHCR Syria Livelihoods Strategy commits the Syria Operation to undertake an evaluation of at least one Livelihood Programme on an annual basis.

UNHCR Syria has been supporting a significant Vocational Training Programme since 2013 with the aim of promoting self-reliance and improved livelihoods for UNHCR persons of concern (PoC) including internally displaced persons (IDPs), refugees and returnees. In 2018, a total of 19,070 UNHCR persons of concern across Syria received vocational training relevant to a range of professions and income generating activities (e.g. sewing, electrical installation, carpentry, hairdressing etc.). There are currently approximately twenty (20) Implementing Partners engaged in the delivery of UNHCR-funded vocational training courses across thirteen governorates. Some of the vocational training is conducted in UNHCR Community Centres (and Satellite Centres) whilst other training is conducted in private establishments as well as in government-owned/managed vocational training facilities (e.g. Ministry of Education). New Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) for Vocational Training (VT) were introduced on 1 August 2018. A number of market needs assessments have also been commissioned, or are currently being carried out, which also have relevance to the vocational training sector (e.g. growth prospects of particular sectors and professions).

1 The consultancy will be conducted in coordination with a local firm selected by UNHCR Syria to carry out field work and data collection.
4 In 2017, most beneficiaries of vocational training were living in governorates within the areas of responsibility of the following UNHCR Sub-/Field Offices: Damascus (SOD); Homs (SOH) and Tartous (FOT).
OVERALL PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF ASSIGNMENT

The overall objective of this study is to assess the relevance, effectiveness (including impact), efficiency and sustainability of the vocational training being provided to UNHCR PoC through INGOs and NGOs.

EVALUATION SPECIALIST ROLE

The Evaluation Specialist (ES) will provide effective leadership, coordination and management of the evaluation deliverables, including the design, analysis, quality assurance and reporting. The local firm Team Leader will report to the Evaluation Specialist.

These are the duties and accountabilities applicable to the ES and are complementary to the specific activities elaborated in Terms of Reference of the local firm Annex (A):

- Lead the contracted firm assessment team with UNHCR Syria and provide guidance and technical support as appropriate; including training of the local firm;
- Lead the overall design of the evaluation approach including the plan of action and elements of the inception report based on consultations with UNHCR Syria and Evaluation Service at UNHCR HQ;
- Ensure quality implementation of the required activities as stated in phase 1 & 2 in Annex (A) to achieve the specific objective listed above and the delivery of the expected outputs.
- Discuss the development of the evaluation study with local firm and UNHCR Syria CO Livelihood Unit and UNHCR Evaluation Service at HQ including (methodology, contacts, requirements, etc.).
- Review questionnaires and other tools adapted by the local contracted firm, for interviews and focus group discussions with stakeholders, partners, beneficiaries, market actors etc.
- Based on findings from local firm, ES will review and process data to prepare a draft report that includes clear key risks, gaps and areas of weakness, impact analysis and recommendations.
- Facilitate one presentation of draft report and feedback to UNHCR Syria and UNHCR Evaluation Service.
- Submit a final report of no more than 40 pages excluding annexes to be presented to UNHCR Syria and UNHCR Evaluation Service.

The overall process and Roles and responsibilities of the local firm are provided below.

Based on the Annex A attached to this TOR, the local contracted firm and the Evaluation Specialist will draw up a Plan of Action (3-5 pages) within the first two weeks of the assignment. The Plan of Action will include the proposed approach, data collection methods, logistical requirements and time frame. The Plan of Action will also include a clear description of the responsibilities as stated in (phase 1 and 2). The contracted firm selected to undertake this evaluation will, amongst other, be required to coordinate closely with the Evaluation Specialist assigned to this evaluation.

Phase 1: Inception Phase

This will involve attending relevant briefing sessions with UNHCR as well as establishing contact and reaching agreement with selected Partners, collection of background information, obtaining relevant permissions etc. The contracted firm will attend a briefing session with the Livelihoods Unit at UNHCR Country Office, before commencing any field activities. This briefing will provide the contracted firm with more detailed information on the internal UNHCR project reporting/tracking processes (including the ‘dashboard’) as well as information on the
UNHCR Livelihoods Results Framework (e.g. Impact Indicators). During this phase, the contracted firm will be also provided with relevant background documentation e.g. Livelihoods Status Report (2018), SOP for UNHCR Vocational Training Programme (2018), Market Needs Assessment Reports etc.

Based on the Inception Phase a revised Plan of Action will be presented. This plan of action should include an inception report presenting the initial results, evaluation matrix, setting out the progress achieved during the preparatory phase and information gaps and the proposed approach to fill these information gaps.

Phase 2: Fieldwork and Data Collection Phase

The Evaluation will draw on findings from field research and missions conducted in three governorates. This will involve engagement with selected UNHCR Partners (including Livelihood Focal Points) and other key stakeholders (e.g. private sector enterprise engaged in a range of industries and sectors, Chambers of Commerce, relevant government ministries (e.g. Ministry of Education, Ministry of Public Works and Housing, Ministry of Industry etc.). Feedback from beneficiaries (i.e. those that graduated) of vocational training will also be a priority. The contracted firm will deliver and present the key findings and results to the Evaluation Specialist for secondary review and preparation of draft report.

Phase 3: Data Analysis and Report Preparation

The Evaluation Specialist will review findings and results of the fieldwork and will be responsible for drafting the final report which will be submitted no later than three weeks before submission of the final report. A presentation of the evaluation findings will be made to UNHCR Syria and UNHCR Evaluation Service at HQ before circulation of the final report.

EVALUATION APPROACH

1.1. Scope

The evaluation scope – relating to population, timeframe and locations is as follows:

- Timeframe to be covered in the evaluation: 2018-2019.
- Population location and details: primary data collection will involve field work in three governorates.

1.2. Key Evaluation Questions (KEQs)

The evaluation will address the following headline questions. The analysis needed to answer them is likely to touch on other possible Key Evaluation questions and may be further refined during the evaluation inception phase.

KEQ 1: How effective has the UNHCR vocational training programme been in terms of promoting self-reliance and improved livelihoods? This KEQ will also seek to answer the following Sub-questions:

5 The evaluation specialist is also expected to provide the contracted firm with needed guidance and technical support including training in relevant methodology.

6 There is no possibility to have a national-side detailed evaluation due to the security, approval and access reasons. Therefore, sampling from three different contexts (governorates) has to be used to mitigate this limitation. It is most likely that governorates of Rural Damascus, Aleppo and Homs will be prioritized for this evaluation based on number of beneficiaries, return movement and other factors.
Does vocational training (including certification received) provide PoC with enhanced livelihood opportunities in terms of access to paid employment or through self-employment?

Is there any evidence of vocational training contributing to improved livelihood outcomes including increased income, reduced vulnerability and enhanced protection risks etc.?

Are the Livelihood impact indicators currently used by UNHCR effective - or might other impact indicators be more appropriate?

Do particular vocational training modalities represent better effectiveness e.g. Community centers vs private establishments.

KEQ 2: To what extent have the vocational training programmes conducted reflected market demand and new or changing livelihood opportunities and what is their likely continuing relevance into the future, taking into account the anticipated UNHCR increased focus on returnees (refugee and IDP returnees) and their reintegration? This KEQ will also seek to answer the following Sub-question:

To what extent are the training programmes reflective of findings of labour market assessments conducted by UNHCR and Partners and how robust and realistic are the findings of these assessments deemed to be?

KEQ 3: How efficient is the current model for delivery of vocational training programmes as compared with other, including newly emerging, delivery models? This KEQ will also seek to address the following Sub-questions, including:

- What proportion of vocational training is actually taking place within the different types of vocational training establishments?
- Do particular vocational training modalities represent better value for money than others (e.g. Community Centre versus Private Establishment), including vis-à-vis possible new alternative modalities for achieving enhanced skills development?
- Are there significant differences in the quality and standard across identical vocational training courses being provided to UNHCR PoC?
- To what extent is there compliance with especially key elements of the new VT SOP and are there particular factors that are most likely engender compliance/ non-compliance?
- Are there notable differences between the different categories of PoC that are able to benefit from the vocational training programme according to particular circumstances (e.g. location, type of Implementing Partner etc.)?
- What are the likely consequences of a significant shift from informal to formal vocational training (as defined in the VT SOP)?

APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY

The local contractor’s bid will set out the proposed approach and methodology to be adopted which will be finalized and agreed during the inception phase.

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7 The evaluation will be undertaken in conformity with UNHCR’s evaluation policy, which, inter alia, requires evaluations undertaken by the organization to adopt a disaggregated and participatory approach in relation to populations of concern. In line with established standards for evaluation in the UN system, and the UN Ethical guidelines for evaluations, evaluation in UNHCR is founded on the inter-connected principles of independence, impartiality, credibility and utility, which in practice, call for: protecting sources and data; systematically seeking informed consent;
The evaluation methodology should use a combination of quantitative and qualitative methods to answer the four Key Evaluation Questions and Sub-questions. The evaluation will comprise the following: 1) desk review and content analysis of relevant background as well as programmatic data and documents; 2) focus group discussions and in-depth discussions with other UN Agencies that vocational training programmes (e.g. World Food Programme) as well as UNHCR partners involved in the delivery of the vocational training programmes as well as other relevant stakeholders and; 3) field data collection in three governorates, involving qualitative interviews with beneficiaries.

UNHCR welcomes the use of diverse, participatory and innovative evaluation methods. The methodology – including details on the data collection and analytical approach(es) used to answer the evaluation questions – will be designed by the evaluation team during the inception phase and presented in an evaluation matrix.

The evaluation methodology is expected to:

a) Reflect an Age, Gender and Diversity perspective in all primary data collection activities carried out as part of the evaluation;
b) Employ a mixed-method approach incorporating qualitative and quantitative data collection and analysis tools including the analysis of monitoring data – where available;
c) Gather and make use of a wide range of data sources in order to demonstrate impartiality of the analysis, minimize bias and ensure the credibility of evaluation finding and conclusions;
d) Be explicitly designed to address the key evaluation questions – taking into account evaluability, budget and time constraints.

The evaluation team is responsible to gather, analysis and triangulate data to demonstrate impartiality of the analysis, minimize bias and ensure the credibility of evaluation findings and conclusions.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

The locally contracted firm/Evaluation Specialist are required to sign the UNHCR Code of Conduct and respect UNHCR’s confidentiality. The Evaluation is expected to adhere with pilot ‘Evaluation Quality Assurance’ (EQA) guidance, which clarifies the quality requirements expected for UNHCR evaluation processes and products. An orientation to the EQA at the start of the evaluation will be organized with UNHCR Evaluation Service. The contracted firm will submit at least two rounds of EQA review with the Evaluation Specialist. Details will be provided upon signature of the contract.

DATA AND INFORMATION SOURCES

Useful data sources include:

- 4Ws – who, what and where.
- Protection dashboard.
- Planning and budget information (e.g. Country Operation Plan).
- Partner Quarterly Reports.

respecting dignity and diversity; minimising risk, harm and burden upon those who are the subject of, or participating in the evaluation, while at the same time not compromising the integrity of the exercise.
• Labour Market Assessments (e.g. Damascus & Rural Damascus etc.).
• Centralised evaluation report on UNHCR’s livelihoods approaches and strategies.
• UNHCR’s Livelihoods and Economic Inclusion Concept Note.
• Partners’ financial data

There are some access and visa approval concerns which prevent open invitation for international bids for this evaluation to be carried in Syria. The possibility to meet and interact with partners and beneficiaries of vocational training programme is still possible through a local firm, but with the involvement of Evaluation expert to ensure expected outcome and concrete and final deliverables of this evaluation study.

• At inception phase the ES is expected to guide the proposed approach, methodology, information requirements and potential constraints.
• A draft report to be submitted in addition to a presentation on findings, conclusions and recommendations. Feedback from stakeholders on recommendations will be used to shape the final iteration of the report.
• A final report will incorporate or respond to all feedback received in writing and will be submitted one week before the deadline. It will not exceed 40 pages, excluding annexes.

Monitoring and Progress Controls (report requirements, periodicity, format, deadlines):

a) The final product (e.g., survey completed, data collected, workshop conducted, research documents produced specify):
b) Delivery date: 15 May 2020

It is estimated that this evaluation will be undertaken for the maximum period of 5 months (including time for finalization of the report). The key deliverables of the evaluation process both by the ES and the locally contracted firm are:

• A plan of action (Evaluation Specialist and Local contracted firm)
• Inception report (Evaluation Specialist and Local contracted firm)
• Training of data collectors and piloting of tools (Evaluation Specialist)
• Data collection (locally contracted firm)
• A presentation with preliminary findings (Evaluation Specialist)
• A first draft report (Evaluation Specialist)

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8 There is no possibility to have a national-side detailed evaluation due to the security, approval and access reasons. Therefore, sampling from three different contexts (governorates) has to be used to mitigate this limitation.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
<th>Deliverables</th>
<th>Indicative timeline</th>
<th>Estimated calendar days</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Kick off meetings clarifying the expectations and scope of work, as well draft plan of action between all parties</td>
<td>Evaluation Specialist and Local contracted firm</td>
<td>Plan of action presenting proposed approach, methods, logistics, and time frame</td>
<td>Two weeks</td>
<td>first two weeks after contracting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Inception phase including: - Briefing sessions with UNHCR an evaluation firm - Initial desk review/Collection of background information - Methodological approach, including analytical framework, and data collection tools - Refined roles and responsibilities between evaluation firm and Evaluation Specialist circulating for comments and finalisation Revised plan of action - Evaluation matrix including refined KEQs, evaluation criteria and means of verification</td>
<td>Evaluation Specialist and Local firm Team Leader</td>
<td>1. Draft inception report – including refined methodology, sampling, analytical approach, and refined evaluation matrix. 2. Remote of inception report to UNHCR</td>
<td>31 January 2020</td>
<td>30 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Final inception Report</td>
<td>Evaluation Firm and Local firm Team Leader</td>
<td>Refined Evaluation Inception report integrating comments from UNHCR</td>
<td>10 February 2020</td>
<td>10 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Training/Guidance for local firm in relevant methodology - Training delivered</td>
<td>Evaluation Specialist</td>
<td>Training material and training conducted (remote or in person, TBC)</td>
<td>23 February 2020</td>
<td>13 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Piloting and refining of data collection tools</td>
<td>Local firm</td>
<td>Pilot implemented and tools revised</td>
<td>28 February 2020</td>
<td>5 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Fieldwork and Data Collection Phase</td>
<td>Local firm</td>
<td>Cleaned and anonymized database Data analysis and report preparation Debrief presentation of preliminary findings</td>
<td>30 March 2020</td>
<td>30 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Evaluation Specialist to prepare draft report and circulate it to UNHCR/Evaluation Service for comments</td>
<td>Evaluation Specialist</td>
<td>1st draft report Comments from UNHCR within 2 weeks</td>
<td>15 April 2020</td>
<td>15 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Finalisation and submission of a final evaluation report</td>
<td>Evaluation Specialist</td>
<td>Final Evaluation Report (including recommendations and executive summary)</td>
<td>15 May 2020</td>
<td>15 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ESSENTIAL QUALIFICATIONS

- Master’s degree (in the areas of social sciences, development studies, international relations, or economics) plus a minimum of 10 years of relevant professional experience, or a post-graduate degree with at least 5 years of relevant experience in humanitarian and/or development settings.
- Proven coordination capacity to ensure effective working relationships with Host National Society counterparts and leadership and other partners.
- Strong capacity building and partnership development experience
- Proven work experience as a team leader
- Excellent oral and report writing skills
- Good understanding of relief, development, and resilience issues, also under active conflict conditions and good practice in complex food security and protection crisis.
- Fluency in Arabic is highly desirable
- Understanding of the Syrian context is highly desirable

GUIDELINES FOR SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS

Consultants wishing to be considered for this contract must attach the following:

- A motivation letter
- A summary of the understanding of the ToR and the proposed approach / methodology (2-3 pages)
- CV of the individual proposed to undertake the work;
- An outline of any similar work undertaken by the supplier (if not included in CVs);

Please also indicate the following vacancy announcement number, position title and location: UNHCR/VN/2019/62, International Evaluation Specialist (ES), Syria. All applications must be submitted by e-mail to: SYRDAHUMANRES@unhcr.org.

DURATION

This is a 5-month individual consultancy, with the possibility of extension. Payment will be lumpsum based on deliverables and guided by UNHCR’s Policy on Individual Consultancies.

AWARDING THE CONTRACT AND PAYMENT

Proposals will be assessed on the quality and relevance of consultant qualifications. Short-listed applicants may be requested to participate in a telephone interview, or supply additional references and/or samples of work.

DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSIONS is 11 January 2020